## Loxdale Primary School Knowledge and Skills Progression

## Subject Area: Art \& Design

## Key stage 1

Pupils should be taught

- to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products
- to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination
- to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space
- about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.


## Key stage 2

 and design.
Pupils should be taught:
to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas
to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]

- about great artists, architects and designers in history

| Early Years |  |  |  |  |  |
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| EAD | - Listen with increased attention to sounds. <br> - Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings. <br> - Remember and sing entire songs. <br> - Take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else. <br> - Join different materials and explore different textures. | - Explore colour and colour mixing. <br> - Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings. <br> - Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas. <br> - Sing the melodic shape of familiar songs. | - Explore different materials freely, in order to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make. <br> - Create closed shapes with continuous lines and begin to use these shapes to help represent objects. <br> - Draw with increasing complexity and detail. | - Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment. <br> - Make imaginative and complex 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits. | - Develop their ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them. |


|  |  | Year One and Two | Year Three and Four | Year Five and Six |
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|  | y O H 0 0 0 0 0 0 | - Respond to ideas and starting points. <br> - Explore ideas and collect visual information. <br> - Explore different methods and materials as ideas develop. | - Develop ideas from starting points throughout the curriculum. <br> - Collect information, sketches and resources. <br> - Adapt and refine ideas as they progress. <br> - Explore ideas in a variety of ways. <br> - Comment on artworks using visual language. | - Develop and imaginatively extend ideas from starting points throughout the curriculum. <br> - Collect information, sketches and resources and present ideas imaginatively in a sketchbook. <br> - Use the qualities of materials to enhance ideas. <br> - Spot the potential in unexpected results as work progresses. <br> - Comment on artworks with a fluent grasp of visual language. |
|  |  | - Describe the work of notable artists, artisans and designers. <br> - Use some of the ideas of artists studied to create pieces | - Replicate some of the techniques used by notable artists, artisans and designers. <br> - Create original pieces that are influenced by studies of others. | - Give details (including own sketches) about the style of some notable artists, artisans and designers. <br> - Show how the work of those studied was influential in both society and to other artists. <br> - Create original pieces that show a range of influences and styles |
|  | - | - Use thick and thin brushes. <br> - Mix primary colours to make secondary colours. <br> - Add white to colours to make tints and black to colours to make tones. <br> - Create colour wheels | - Use a number of brush techniques using thick and thin brushes to produce shapes, textures, patterns and lines. <br> - Mix colours effectively. <br> - Use watercolour paint to produce washes for backgrounds then add detail. <br> - Experiment with creating mood with colour. | - Sketch (lightly) before painting to combine line and colour. <br> - Create a colour palette based upon colours observed in the natural or built world. <br> - Use the qualities of watercolour and acrylic paints to create visually interesting pieces. <br> - Combine colours, tones and tints to enhance the mood of a piece. <br> - Use brush techniques and the qualities of paint to create texture. <br> - Develop a personal style of painting, drawing, based on ideas from other artists. |
|  | \% | - Use a combination of materials that are cut, torn and glued. <br> - Sort and arrange materials. <br> - Mix materials to create texture | - Select and arrange materials for a striking effect. <br> - Ensure work is precise. <br> - Use coiling, overlapping, tessellation, mosaic and montage. | - Mix textures (rough and smooth, plain and patterned). <br> - Combine visual and tactile qualities. <br> - Use ceramic mosaic materials and techniques. |



