Loxdale Primary School Skills Progression

Subject Area: Physical Education



Key stage 1

Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.

Pupils should be taught to:

- Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities.
- Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending.
- Perform dances using simple movement patterns.

Key Stage Two

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, leaning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make action and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should also develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activates and sport and evaluate performance.

Pupils should be taught to:

- Use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and combination.
- Play competitive games, modified were appropriate, e.g. badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.
- Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance e.g. through athletic and gymnastics.
- Take part in outdoor adventures activity challenge both individually and with a team.
- Compare their performance with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

KS2 continue to the develop the knowledge and understanding of a range of different games and rules through invasion games, striking games, net and wall, gymnastic and dance. They also start to learn more on their body and technique to get the best performance. They will also start to understand on how to not only evaluate other pupil's performances but also their own. They will also learn to compete in games in a respectful manner.

Swimming and Water Safety

Year 3: All school must provide swimming either in KS1 or KS2. In particular, pupils should be taught to:

- Swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 minutes
- Use a range of strokes effetely such as front crawl, backstroke and breaststroke.
- Perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations.

	Invasion games	Dance	Gymnastics	Net and Wall Games + Striking and Fielding	Athletics
	Pupils will be given the opportunity to:	Compose	<u>Sequence</u>	Pupils will be given the opportunity to:	Running
		Children will be given the	Pupils will be given the opportunity		Pupils will be given the opportunity
	Practise in isolation the skills associated with simple games for	opportunity to:	to:	Practice in isolation the skills associated with net/wall and	to:
	example: jumping, throwing, catching, agility and balance.	Copy some moves.	Perform gymnastic sequence with a balance, a travelling action, a jump	striking/fielding games. For example: running, throwing/catching, agility,	Run for 1 minute.
	These will be applied to modified	Develop control of movement using: Actions (WHAT) – travel, stretch,	and a roll	balance and co-ordination.	Show differences in running at speed and jogging.
	small sided versions of the sports that will be played in KS2 such as,	twist, turn, jump.	Teach sequence to a partner and perform together	These will be applied to modified versions of the sports that will be	Use different techniques to meet
	football, basketball, tag rugby and hockey.	Space (WHERE) – forwards, backwards, sideways, high, low,	Balance	played in LKS2 and UKS2 such as tennis, badminton, cricket and	challenges.
	Children will begin to play co-	safely showing an awareness of others.	Explore the 5 basic shapes:	rounders.	Describe different ways of running.
	operatively in the modified versions of the sports above. Allowing them to	Relationships (WHO) – on own and	straight/tucked/star/straddle/pike Balance in these shapes on large body	Children will be given the opportunity to work co-operatively in modified	<u>Jumping</u>
	begin develop the Commando Joe characteristics in a PE setting.	with a partner by teaching each other 2 movements to create a dance with 4 actions.	parts: back, front, side, bottom Explore balance on front and back so	versions of tennis, badminton, cricket and rounders. Children will begin to develop the Commando Joe	Perform the 5 basic jumps (2-2. 2-1, 1-2, 1-1 same foot, 1 to 1 landing on other foot).
Year one		Dynamics (HOW) - slowly, quickly,	that extended arms and legs are held off the floor (arch and dish shapes	characteristics in a PE setting.	Perform combinations of the above.
and two		with appropriate expression Use own ideas to sequence dance	respectively)		Show control at take-off and landing.
		Sequence and remember a short dance.	Develop balance by showing good tension in the core and tension and		Describe different ways of jumping.
		<u>Perform</u>	extension in the arms and legs, hands and feet		Explain what is successful or how to
		Move spontaneously showing some	Develop balance on front and back so		improve.
		control and co-ordination.	that extended arms and legs are held off the floor (arch and dish shapes		Throwing
		Move with confidence when walking, hopping, jumping and landing.	respectively)		Throw into targets.
		Move with rhythm in the above	Challenge balance and use of core strength by exploring and developing		Perform a range of throwing actions e.g. rolling, underarm, and overarm.
		actions.	use of upper body strength taking		
		Demonstrate good balance.	weight on hands and feet - front support (press up position) and back		Describe different ways of throwing.
		Move in time with music.	support (opposite) NB: ensure hands are always flat on floor and fingers		Explain what is successful or how to improve.
		Co-ordinate arm and leg actions (e.g.	point the same way as toes Traveling		
		march and clap).	Traveling		

Interact with a partner (e.g. holding hands, swapping places, meeting and Begin to travel on hands and feet (hands flat on floor and fully extend parting). arms) Monkey walk (bent legs and extended Appreciate arms) Respond to own work and that of Caterpillar walk (hips raised so legs others when exploring ideas, as well as arms can be fully extended. feelings and preferences. Keep hands still while walking feet Recognise the changes in the body towards hands, keep feet still while when dancing and how this can walking hands away from feet until in contribute to keeping healthy. front support position) Bunny hop (transfer weight to hands) **Jumping** Explore shape in the air when jumping and landing with control (e.g. star shape) Rolls Begin to explore control in different rolls Pencil roll - from back to front keeping body and limbs in straight shape Egg roll - lie on side in tucked shape, holding knees tucked into chest roll onto back and onto other side. Repeat to build up core strength Dish roll - with extended arms and legs off the floor, roll from dish to arch shape slowly and with control Begin forward roll (crouch in tucked shape, feet on floor, hands flat on floor in front. Keep hands and feet still, raise hips in the air to inverted 'V' position

Pupils will be given the opportunity to:

Practise skills in isolation and combination. For example: linking running and jumping in football in order to head the ball.

Work well as a team in competitive games.

Apply basic principles of attacking and defending, teaching children to think about tactical awareness.

Develop an understanding of fair play (respect team-mates and opponents). Develop a greater awareness of the Commando Joe characteristics and how these can help us to become better sports people. Children will begin to assess themselves against the Commando Joe self-assessment criteria.

Compose

Copy some moves.

Develop control of movement using: Actions (WHAT) - travel, stretch, twist, turn, jump.

Space (WHERE) - forwards, backwards, sideways, high, low, safely showing an awareness of others.

Relationships (WHO) - on own and with a partner by teaching each other 2 movements to create a dance with 4 actions

Dynamics (HOW) - slowly, quickly, with appropriate expression.

Use own ideas to sequence dance Sequence and remember a short dance.

Perform

Move spontaneously showing some control and co-ordination.

Move with confidence when walking, hopping, jumping, and landing.

Move with rhythm in the above actions.

Demonstrate good balance.

Move in time with music Co-ordinate arm and leg actions (e.g. march and clap).

Interact with a partner (e.g. holding hands, swapping places, meeting and parting).

Sequence

Perform a gymnastic sequence with clear changes of speed, 3 different balances with 3 different ways of travelling

Work with a partner to create a sequence. From starting shape move together by e.g. travelling on hands and feet, rolling, jumping. Then move apart to finish.

Balance

Explore and develop use of upper body strength taking weight on hands and feet - front support (press up position) and back support (opposite) NB: ensure hands are always flat on floor and fingers point the same way as toes

Explore balancing on combinations of 1/2/3/4 "points" e.g. 2 hands and 1 foot, head and 2 hands in a tucked head stand

Balance on floor and apparatus exploring which body parts are the safest to use

Explore balancing with a partner: facing, beside, behind and on different levels

Move in and out of balance fluently

Travel

Use a variety of rolling actions to travel on the floor and along apparatus.

Pupils will be given the opportunity to:

Practice skills in isolation and combination. For example: linking running and throwing in cricket and rounders or jumping and striking in tennis

Work well as a team in competitive games.

Developing an understanding of how to direct the travelling object and how this can be used to make tactical decisions.

Develop an understanding of fair play (respect team-mates and opponents). Develop a greater awareness of the Commando Joe characteristics and how these can help us to become better sports people.

Running

Run smoothly at different speeds.

Choose different styles of running of different distances.

Pace and sustain their effort over longer distances.

Watch and describe specific aspects of running (e.g. what arms and legs are doing).

Recognise and record how the body works in different types of challenges over different distances.

Carry out stretching and warm-up safely.

Set realistic targets of times to achieve over a short and longer distance (with guidance).

Jumping

Perform combinations of jumps e.g. hop, step, jump showing control and consistency.

Choose different styles of jumping Watch and describe specific aspects of jumping e.g. what arms and legs are doing.

Set realistic targets when jumping for distance for or height (with quidance).

Throwing

Explore different styles of throwing, e.g. pulling, pushing and slinging (to prepare for javelin, shot and discus).

Year three and four

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	<u>Appreciate</u>	Travel with a partner; move away	Throw with greater control.
		from and together on the floor and	
	Respond to own work and that of	on apparatus.	Consistently hit a target with a range
	others when exploring ideas, feelings		of implements.
	and preferences.	Travel at different speeds e.g. move	
		slowly into a balance, travel quickly	Watch and describe specific aspects
	Recognise the changes in the body	before jumping.	of throwing (e.g. what arms and legs
	when dancing and how this can		are doing).
	contribute to keeping healthy.	Travel in different pathways on the	
		floor and using apparatus, explore	Set realistic targets when throwing
		different entry and exit points other	over an increasing distance and
		than travelling in a straight line on	understand that some implements will
		apparatus	travel further than others
			(guidance).
		<u>Jumping</u>	
		Explore leaping forward in stag jump,	
		taking off from one foot and landing	
		on the other (on floor and along	
		bench controlling take-off and	
		landing)	
		landing)	
		Add a quarter or half turn into a	
		jump before landing.	
		Make a twisted shape in the air and	
		control landing by keeping body	
		upright throughout the twisting	
		action.	
		Rolls	
		Continue to develop control in rolling	
		actions on the floor, off and along	
		apparatus or in time with a partner.	
		Combine the phases of earlier rolling	
		actions to perform the full forward	
		roll.	
		Begin the backward roll	

Children will be given the opportunity to:

Develop techniques of a variety of skills to maximise team effectiveness

Use tactics when attacking or defending and be given the opportunity to assess the effectiveness of their tactical decision.

Apply rules of fair play to competitive games and be given the opportunity to manage and officiate competitive sports.

Children will now be consistently displaying Commando Joe characteristics during PE lessons and fully understand the importance of doing so. The opportunity to reflect on the use of the characteristics will be provided through the use of the Commando Joe colour system. Children to reflect on what they could do to improve in future lessons.

Interaction with small group e.g. working in cannon and in unison during a dance as well as solo.

Compose

Create longer, challenging dance phrases/dances

Select appropriate movement material to express ideas/thoughts/feelings

Develop movement using; Actions (WHAT); travel, turn, gesture, jump, stillness

Space (WHERE): formation, direction, level, pathways Relationships (WHO); solo/duo/trio, unison/canon/contrast

Dynamics (HOW) explore speed, energy (e.g. heavy/light, flowing/sudden)

Choreographic devices; motif, motif development, repetition, retrograde (performing motifs in reverse)
Link phrases to music

Performance

Perform dance to an audience showing confidence and clarity of actions

Show co-ordination, control, alignment, flow of energy and strength (Technical Skills)

Show focus, projection, sense of style and musicality (Expressive Skills)

Sequencing

Create a sequence of up to 8 elements: (e.g. a combination of asymmetrical shapes and balances and symmetrical rolling and jumping actions; changes of direction and level and show mirroring; and matching shapes and balances

Create a longer more complex sequence of up to 10 elements e.g. a combination of counter balance/counter tension, twisting/turning, travelling on hands and feet, as well as jumping and rolling

Balance

Perform balances with control, showing good body tension.

Mirror and match partner's balance i.e. making same shape on a different level or in a different place Explore symmetrical and asymmetrical balances on own and with a partner.

Explore and develop control in taking some/all of a partner's weight using counter balance (pushing against) and counter tension (pulling away from.)

Perform a range of acrobatic balances with a partner on the floor and on different levels on apparatus Perform group balances at the beginning, middle or end of a sequence. Consider how to move in and out of these balances with fluency and control.

Children will be given the opportunity to:

Develop techniques of a variety of skills to maximise competitive effectiveness. Example: placing a shot as far away from your opponent as possible.

Use the skills e.g. of throwing and catching to gain points in competitive games and to think tactically in the moment. Example: Do I throw to post 1, 2 or the bowler?

Apply rules of fair play to competitive games and be given the opportunity to manage and officiate competitive sports.

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Children to reflect on what they could do to improve in future lessons.

Running

Sustain pace over longer distance - 2 minutes.

Perform relay change-overs.

Identify the main strengths of a performance of self and others.

Identify parts of the performance that need to be improved.

Perform a range of warm-up exercises specific to running for short and longer distances.

Explain how warming up affects performance.

Explain why athletics can help stamina and strength.

Set realistic targets for self, of times to achieve over a short and longer distance.

Jumping

Demonstrate a range of jumps showing power and control and consistency at both take-off and landing.

Set realistic targets for self, when jumping for distance or height.

Throwing

Throw with greater accuracy, control and efficiency of movement using pulling, pushing and slinging action with foam javelin, shot and discus.

Organise small groups to SAFELY take turns when throwing and retrieving implements.

Year five and six

Demonstrate a wide range of	dance Begin to take more weight on hands	
actions - travel, turn, gesture	e, jump when progressing bunny hop into	Set realistic targets for self, when
and stillness	hand stand.	throwing over an increasing distance
		and understand that some implements
Demonstrate dynamic qualitie	es - Travel	will travel further than others.
speed, energy, continuity, rhy		
	Travel sideways in a bunny hop and	
Demonstrate use of space - I		
directions, pathways, size and	d body keeping knees tucked in and by	
shape	placing one hand then the other on	
· ·	the floor.	
Demonstrate different relat	ionships	
- mirroring, unison, canon,	Increase the variety of pathways,	
complementary and contrasti		
part to body part and physica		
contact	away from and back to a partner.	
Appreciation	Jump	
Show an awareness of differ	ent Make symmetrical and asymmetrical	
dance styles, traditions and c	aspects shapes in the air.	
of their historical/social con		
	Jump along, over and off apparatus	
Understand and use dance vo	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	air and on landing.	
Understand why safety is im	portant	
in the studio	Rolls	
Compare and evaluate their o		
others' work	finishing positions when rolling e.g.	
	forward roll from a straddle position	
	on feet and end in a straddle	
	position on floor or feet/begin a	
	backward roll from standing in a	
	straight position, ending in a	
	straddle position on feet.	
	Explore symmetry and asymmetry	
	throughout the rolling actions	